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§ 341. Botrychium Lunaria, Sw.—This summer there has been a new station discovered for Botrychium Lunaria by Miss Laura Ged-As it is some ten miles from the one I discovered on the Janes. ville road, June 17th, 1872, and there has never been any of it found in intermediate localities, we feel much delighted with the young lady's good fortune. We think it wiser not to give the exact habitat, as it is getting uprooted from the old one. Many of the specimens from Miss Geddes' station have the segments placed more closely together than in those I found, looking more like my Labrador specimen: some, too, have the margins much incised. Why we do not find Botrychium boreale remains a mystery, but we still hope to place it in our Onondaga Flora.

MARY OLIVIA RUST.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Aug. 22nd.

§ 342. Habenaria peramœna, Gray.—A single specimen of this handsome orchid has been brought to me from near Haddonfield, New Jersey. I have no knowledge of its having been detected in

this part of the State before, and think it worthy of note.

The introduction of foreign plants in ballast deposits, both here and at Philadelphia, still continues. I have collected more new arrivals this year than for some time past. They are chiefly of species from Southern Europe, some from the African coast, and occasionally some from the West Indies and South America.

ISAAC C. MARTINDALE.

CAMDEN, N. J., Aug. 18.

§ 343. Aspidium aculeatum, Sw., var. Braunii, Koch.—New localities of this fern are being reported from time to time. In addition to the two in the Catskill mountains already known we have now another in the Bushnellsville Clove, sometimes called "Deep Hollow," on the road from Shandaken to Westkill, where it was collected on the 15th of August by Misses Mary and Caroline Redfield, of Pittsfield, Mass. This deep, rocky gorge, shut in by mountain walls, has the conditions under which this fern is usually found, and lies far back in the Catskills, on the boundary between Ulster and Greene counties, and not far from the border of Delaware Co., N. Y. height of the clove is 1973 feet.

J. H. R.

§ 344. Notes of a Botanical Excursion into North Carolina.

The recent re-discovery of Shortia in North Carolina has created much interest among botanists. Dr. Gray, who first called attention to Michaux's original specimen and established the genus upon it, had long ago indicated the probability of finding it anew. Searches repeated in the course of many years had proved fruitless, so that to the botanical fraternity and particularly to the author of the genus the recovery was somewhat like that of a long-lost child. Desirous to see the plant in situ, he accepted the kind offer of Mr. M. E. Hyams to guide him to the spot, and two comrades of a former excursion, Messrs. Canby of Wilmington and Redfield of Philadelphia, with